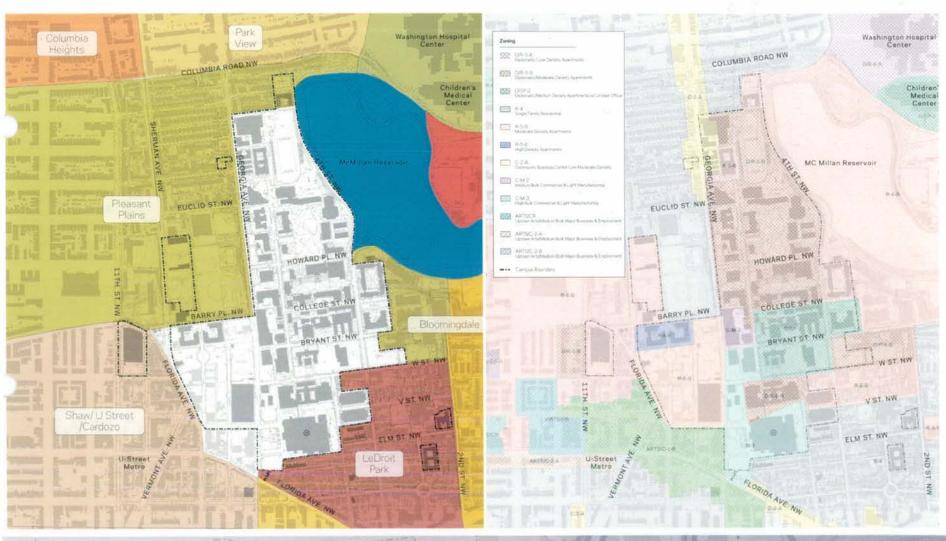


NEIGHBORHOOD CONTEXT AND EXISTING ZONING

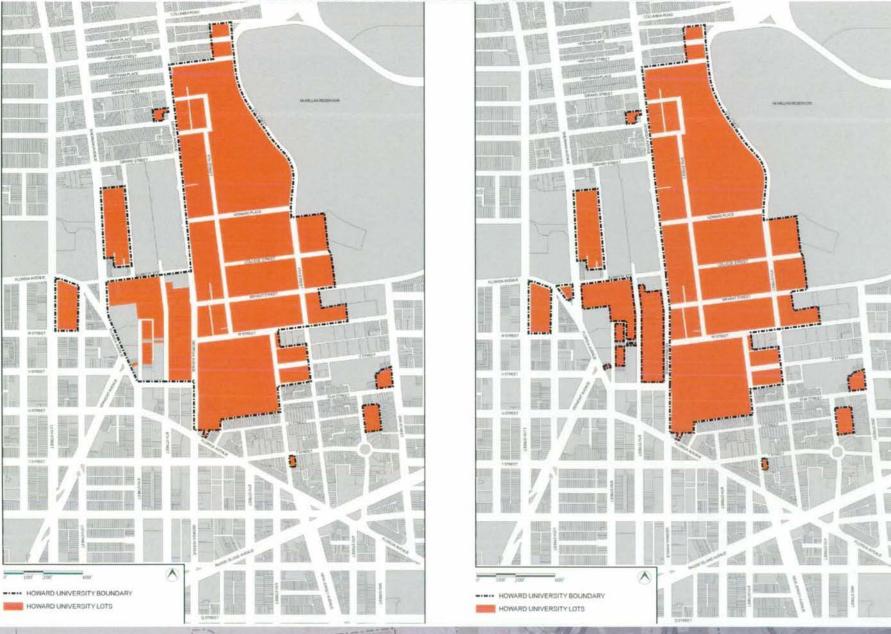




EXISTING CAMPUS USES Vacant Classroom 2% 7 5% Laboratory Residential Facilities 26% Office Facilities 21% Study Facilities Health Care 6% Facilities 18% Special Use Facilities 4% Support Facilities. General Use Facilities 5% PETIDENTIAL NON-CORE **HOWARD** CAMPUS MASTER PLAN UPDATE UNIVERSITY

PROPOSED CAMPUS ZONES MANUAN RESERVOR Vacant Classroom 0% Laboratory 15% Residential Facilities 31% Office Facilities 14% Study Facilities Health Care 5% LEGEND: Facilities 16% RESEARCH Support Facilities General Use 3% Facilities ADMINISTRATION THE THE VENUES I SERIORATIAL NON-CORE HOWARD CAMPUS MASTER PLAN UPDATE UNIVERSITY

EXISTING AND PROPOSED CAMPUS BOUNDARY

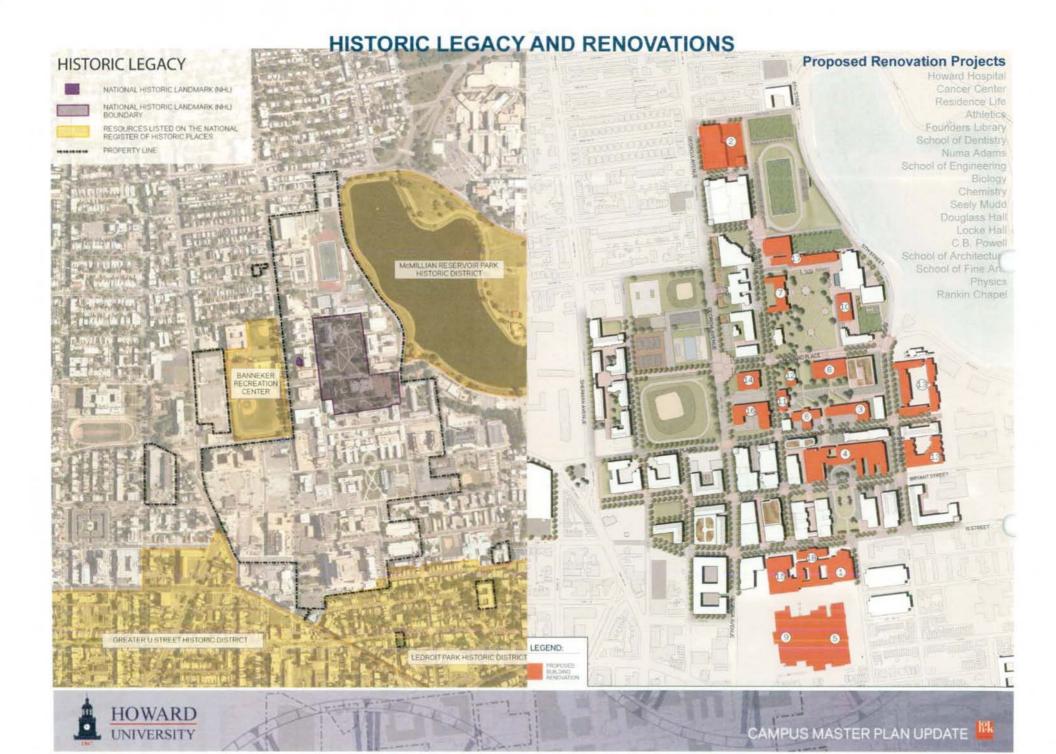






PLANNING PRINCIPLES

- Support University's Academic Mission
- Preserve and Protect Historic Legacy
- Foster Community Engagement
- Implement Good Urban Design
- Enhance Connectivity and Walkability
- Improve the Public Realm
- Develop the Campus Edge
- Embrace Sustainability



CAMPUS CONNECTIONS TO GEORGIA AVENUE



Upper Georgia Avenue

- Improved frontage
- Partnership with the community to encourage affordable workforce, faculty and staff residential opportunities.

Mid Georgia Avenue

- Improving frontage of academic buildings
- Improved public green space
- Potential grad\ work force housing west of the green space

Lower Georgia Avenue

- Retail anchored by Howard Town Center w/ university- and neighborhood-serving retail, including a grocery
- Fitness and wellness facility for University and public use
- Residential hub to bring students on Campus
- East/West and Metro Connections



Phase One (1-3 years)

- INTERDISCIPLINARY SCIENCE + ENGINEERING BUILDING (ISEI) /
- COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE (CS) /BIOMEDICAL SCIENCE (BioS) +
- 3. UNDERCLASSMAN RESIDENTIAL HALL #1
- UNDERCLASSMAN RESIDENTIAL HALL #2
- CAMPUS WELLNESS / RECREATION / AND UPPERCLASSMAN RESIDENTIAL + RETAIL

Phase Two (3-5 years)

- BLACKBURN CENTER RENOVATION
- SCHOOL OF COMMUNICATIONS +
- ACADEMIC / SUPPORT SERVICE / PUBLIC SAFETY BUILDING + RETAIL
- NURSING ALLIED HEALTH + PHARMACY
- 10. NANOTECHNOLOGY BUILDING
- 11. UPPERCLASSMAN RESIDENTIAL HALL #1 + RETAIL
- 12. MINER BUILDING RENOVATION

Phase Three (5-7 years)

- FUTURE HEALTHCARE SCIENCES / MEDICAL ARTS
- 14 INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETICS COMPLEX + RETAIL
- GRADUATE / WORK FORCE HOUSING
- 16. UPPERCLASSMAN RESIDENTIAL HALL #2
- 17. TEACHING AND LEARNING BUILDING

Future Phase Capacity

- 18. ACADEMIC / RESIDENTIAL+ RETAIL
- 19. INSTITUTIONAL INFILL
- MIDDLE SCHOOL
- ACADEMIC / RESEARCH
- ACADEMIC / RESEARCH
- 23. ACADEMIC / RESEARCH
- 24. ACADEMIC / RESEARCH
- 25 ACADEMIC / RESEARCH

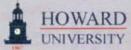


View looking east on Bryant Street from Proposed Residential Quad



GEORGIA AVENUE & BRYANT STREET



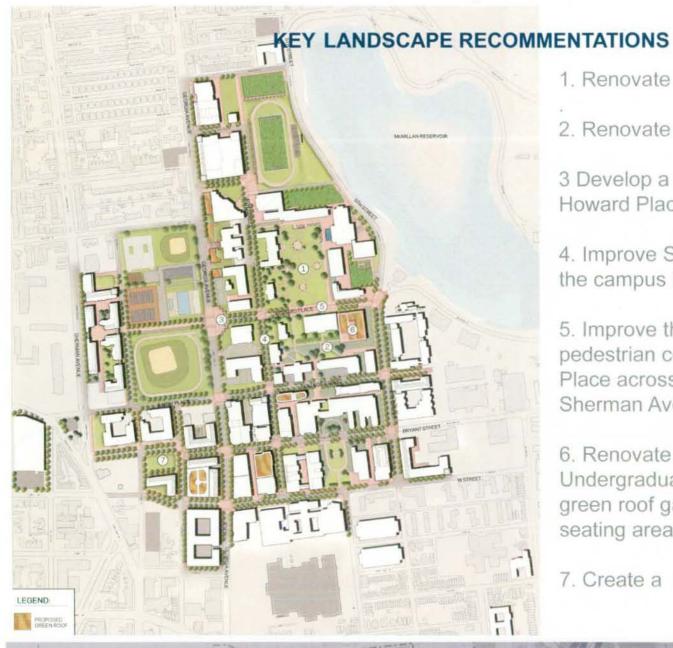


BRYANT & 6TH STREET



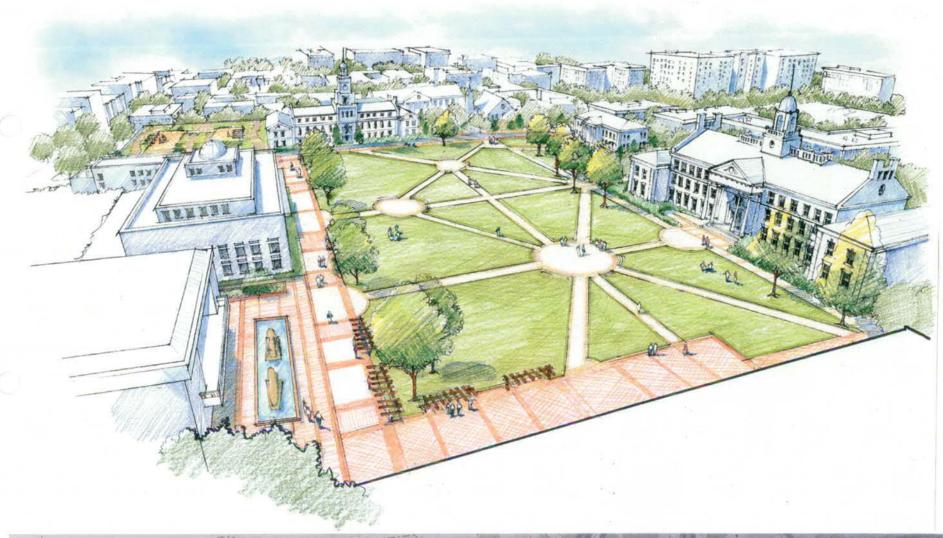
View looking east on Bryant Street

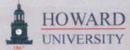




- 1. Renovate the Main Quad
- 2. Renovate the Lower Quads
- 3 Develop a new gateway at Howard Place and Georgia Avenue
- 4. Improve Streetscapes throughout the campus boundaries
- 5. Improve the East-West pedestrian connection at Howard Place across Georgia Avenue to Sherman Avenue
- 6. Renovate the rooftop of the Undergraduate Library with a new green roof garden, arbor and seating areas.
- 7. Create a new Residential Quad

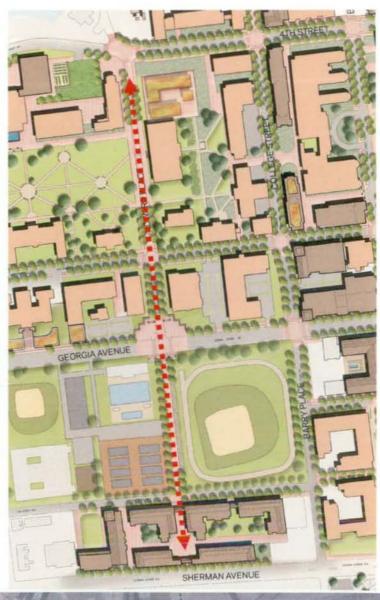
RENEW THE HISTORIC MAIN QUAD





NEW GATEWAY AT HOWARD PLACE & GEORGIA AVENUE





NEW GATEWAY AT HOWARD PLACE & GEORGIA AVENUE





IMPROVE STREETSCAPES



Sidewalk: 20 feet

Soil volume: 1000 cubic feet

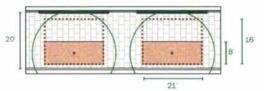
Tree Space Width 8 feet (open)

16 feet (total)

Open Soil Area: 168 square feet

Walking Space 10 feet Curb Walk, 2 feet





Soil Volume = Total Soil Area (21 x 16 x 3)



SUSTAINABLE SITE STRATEGIES

The campus setting provides the opportunity for learning about, restoring and improving the environment.

- Implementing storm water management techniques that infiltrate, store, capture and reuse rainwater results in less runoff, maintenance and energy costs.
- Reducing the percentage of lawn to essential flat areas will reduce maintenance costs, improve water quality, and add a mixture an diversity of other plant species
- Native planting species can be used in the planting designs as they are more suited to the local conditions and as such do not require irrigation and fertilization to maintain them.









